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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/518,390	10/25/2005	Virginie Louvain	263989US0PCT	2517
22850	7590	11/24/2008	EXAMINER	
OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. 1940 DUKE STREET ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314				TSAY, MARSHA M
ART UNIT		PAPER NUMBER		
1656				
NOTIFICATION DATE			DELIVERY MODE	
11/24/2008			ELECTRONIC	

**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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<b>Office Action Summary</b>	<b>Application No.</b>	<b>Applicant(s)</b>	
	10/518,390	LOUVAIN ET AL.	
	<b>Examiner</b>	<b>Art Unit</b>	
	Marsha M. Tsay	1656	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

#### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

#### Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 October 2008.
- 2a) This action is **FINAL**.                    2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

#### Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 3,9,10 and 18-22 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 3,9,10 and 18-22 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

#### Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

#### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) All    b) Some \* c) None of:
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

#### Attachment(s)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)                     | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)           |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ .                                    |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)          | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ .  | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ .                        |

This Office action is in response to Applicants' remarks received October 22, 2008.

Claims 1-2, 4-8, 11-17, 23-38 are canceled. Claims 3, 9-10, 18-22 are pending and currently under examination.

Applicants' arguments have been fully considered and are deemed to be persuasive to overcome some of the rejections previously applied. Rejections and/or objections not reiterated from previous Office actions are hereby withdrawn.

Priority: The request for priority to FRANCE 0208299, filed July 3, 2002, is acknowledged.

It should be noted that the sequence of Himmelspach et al. (US 6573071) was mislabeled in the 102(e) rejection of the previous Office action (mailed July 24, 2008). On page 4, the last paragraph states that the sequence Gly228-Asp229-Asn230-R4-**Pro232-Arg233-Ile234**-Val235-Gly236, wherein the amino acids in bold correspond to the instant thrombin-cleavable sequence Pro-Arg-Ala (claims 1-2). The sequence should have read Gly228-Asp-229-Asn230-R4-R3-**Pro233-Arg234-Ala235**-, wherein the amino acids in bold correspond to the instant thrombin-cleavable sequence Pro-Arg-Ala (claims 1-2).

The indicated allowability of claims 3, 18-22 is withdrawn upon further consideration of the Himmelspach et al. reference (US 6573071; previously cited).

## **Objections and Rejections**

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 3, 18, 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Himmelspach et al. (US 6573071; previously cited). Himmelspach et al. teach a Factor X analogue having a processing site for a protease other than trypsin, Factor IXa, Factor VIIa, said analogue comprising a Factor X amino acid sequence wherein amino acids Gly228 to Ile235 have the sequence of Gly228-R6-R5-R4-R3-R2-Arg234-R1 (col. 83, see also SEQ ID NO: 27), wherein

- a) R1 is an amino acid selected from the group consisting of Ile, Val, Ser, Thr, and **Ala**,
- b) R2 is an amino acid selected from the group consisting of **Pro**, Gly, Lys, and Arg,
- c) R3 is an amino acid selected from the group consisting of Phe, Lys, Met, Gln, Glu, Ser, **Val**, Arg, and Pro
- d) R4 is an amino acid selected from the group consisting of Asp, Ile, Ser, Met, Pro, Thr, Arg, Lys,
- e) R5 is an amino acid selected from the group consisting of Asn, Lys, Ser, Glu, Ala, Gln, His, and Arg, and
- f) R6 is an amino acid selected from the group consisting of Asp, Phe, Thr, Arg, Leu, and Ser.

Therefore, Himmelsbach et al. teach a Factor X analogue with the sequence Gly228-R6-R5-R4-**Val232-Pro233-Arg234-Ala235-Val236-Gly237**, wherein the amino acids in bold correspond to the instant thrombin-cleavable sequence Val-Pro-Arg-Ala-Val-Gly (claim 3). Himmelsbach et al. also teach a preparation comprising said Factor X analogue having a processing site as noted by the sequence noted above, therefore said preparation would be a medicinal product (col. 84 lines 60-67; claim 22).

While Himmelsbach et al. do not specifically teach a Factor Xa analogue, this analogue is within the scope of Factor X analogues disclosed by Himmelsbach et al. since upon cleavage of the Factor X analogue of Himmelsbach et al. as noted in the paragraph above, one of ordinary skill would obtain a Factor Xa analogue (claim 18).

Upon further consideration of the Himmelsbach et al. reference, it is believed to be relevant art over previously allowable claims 3, 18, and 22.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 19-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Himmelsbach et al. (US 6573071; previously cited). The teachings of Himmelsbach et al. are outlined above. Himmelsbach et al. further disclose nucleic acid molecules, expression vectors, and host cells that can be used to express the Factor X analogues disclosed by Himmelsbach et

al. (col. 17-28). Himmelspach et al. do not explicitly teach a nucleic acid molecule encoding the thrombin-cleavable sequence Val-Pro-Arg-Ala-Val-Gly.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to prepare a Factor X analogue having the thrombin-cleavable sequence Val-Pro-Arg-Ala-Val-Gly as disclosed by Himmelspach et al. by constructing expression plasmids for the preparation of Factor X analogue for expression in host cells (claims 19-21). The motivation to do so is given by Himmelspach et al., which disclose that Factor X analogues having the thrombin-cleavable sequence Val-Pro-Arg-Ala-Val-Gly can be prepared by constructing expression plasmids followed by transformation into a host cell for expressing a Factor X analogue protein.

Claims 9-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Himmelspach et al. (US 6573071; previously cited). The teachings of Himmelspach et al. are outlined above. Himmelspach et al. further disclose Factor X/Xa is an important component of the prothrombinase complex and may be used to treat patient suffering from blood coagulation disorders, i.e. hemophilia (col. 3-4). Himmelspach et al. do not explicitly teach a preparation comprising a Factor X analogue with the thrombin-cleavable sequence Val-Pro-Arg-Ala-Val-Gly and a method of treating hemophilia utilizing said Factor X analogue.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to administer the Factor X analogue of Hammelspach et al. to a patient for the treatment of hemophilia because Hammelspach et al. disclose Factor X/Xa which exhibits high stability and can be activated to Factor Xa without use of conventional proteases (col. 4 lines 30-

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35), i.e. modified to have the thrombin-cleavable sequence Val-Pro-Arg-Ala-Val-Gly, can be administered to treat patients suffering from hemophilia (claims 9-10).

The Himmelsbach et al. reference is still maintained over claims 9-10 because it is believed to be relevant art over claim 3, as noted above.

No claim is allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Marsha M. Tsay whose telephone number is (571)272-2938. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 9:00am-5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jon Weber can be reached on 571-272-0925. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Maryam Monshipouri/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1656

November 18, 2008